

CHAPTER 4

RESIDENTIAL SEGREGATION OF ASIANS, NATIVE HAWAIIANS, AND OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDERS: 1980-2000

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The Asian and Pacific Islander population was the one racial or ethnic group whose composition and count was profoundly affected by the revision of OMB Statistical Directive 15 in 1997. For Census 2000, Asians and Pacific Islanders were divided into two major race groups: 1) Asians, and 2) Native Hawaiians and Other Pacific Islanders (also referred to as Pacific Islanders). For historical comparability, we focus on results based on the combined group. However, since this change will persist, we also present 2000 statistics for the two new groups separately.

Like American Indians and Alaska Natives, Asians and Pacific Islanders do not constitute a large proportion of the U.S. population, however, like American Indians and Alaska Natives, that proportion is growing. Asians and Pacific Islanders grew from 3.5 million (1.5 percent of the U.S. population) in 1980 to 7.3 million (2.9 percent) in 1990. In Census 2000, there were 11.9 million Asians (4.2 percent of the U.S. population) and nearly 900,000 Pacific Islanders (0.3 percent).

Asians and Pacific Islanders also tended to be concentrated in the West, but they are much more urban than non-Hispanic Whites. Of the Asians and Pacific Islanders population, 92.2 percent were in metropolitan areas in 1980, and increasing to 94.4 percent in 1990. In Census 2000, 95.1 percent of Asians and 83.3 percent of Pacific Islanders lived in metropolitan areas. Therefore, we were able to include substantially more metropolitan areas in our analysis than we could for American Indians and Alaska Natives.

When either all metropolitan areas or selected ones (30 metropolitan areas had at least 3 percent or 20.000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders) were considered, the dissimilarity, isolation, and spatial proximity indexes indicated increases in the residential segregation of Asians and Pacific Islanders between 1980 and 2000. The delta index indicated no change, and the absolute centralization index showed a small decline (Table 4-1).2 The increase in isolation over the 1980-2000 period was particularly pronounced. An examination of the full distribution of the indexes for the selected metropolitan areas likewise showed an increase for dissimilarity, spatial proximity, and isolation over much of their range (Figure 4-1(a-e)). There were indications of a small decline in absolute centralization, and a less clear pattern for delta. Figure 4-2 (a-e), which plots 1980 index values versus the 2000 values, further confirmed these patterns.

Nineteen of the 30 selected metropolitan areas were in the West region (Table 4-2). Patterns of change in the West mirrored the summary above, with a few relatively minor differences as compared with the rest of the country. Asians and Pacific Islanders in the West in 2000 were more isolated than Asians and Pacific Islanders in the other regions, a bit less centralized, and lived slightly closer to one another (spatial proximity).

There seemed to be noticeable differences by size of metropolitan area. The isolation index was nearly twice as high for medium-sized areas (500,000 to 999,999) than for larger or smaller areas, though there were only three of them, compared with 20 large areas and 7 small ones. In contrast, three of the five indexes — delta, absolute centralization, and spatial proximity — were smallest for the medium-sized areas.

¹The 2000 figures includes all people who identified as being of the particular group alone or in combination with another race. The number of people who identified as Asian alone was 10.2 million (3.6 percent of the total U.S. population), and the analogous figure for Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islanders was just under 400 thousand (0.1 percent of the population).

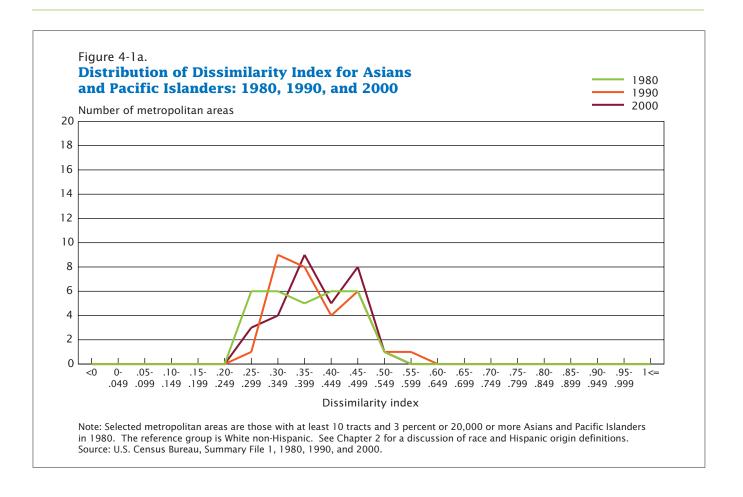
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Using the approach described in Chapter 2 to determine substantive changes as one percent of the index range over three years, the following critical values are used: dissimilarity, 0.003; isolation, 0.007; delta, 0.004; absolute centralization, 0.006; spatial proximity, 0.002.

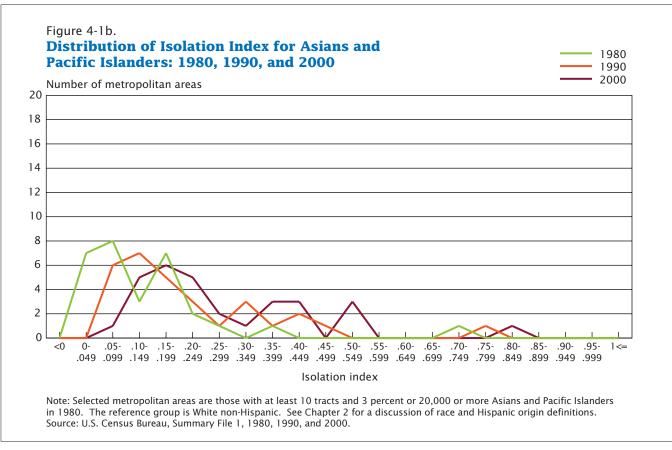
Table 4-1.

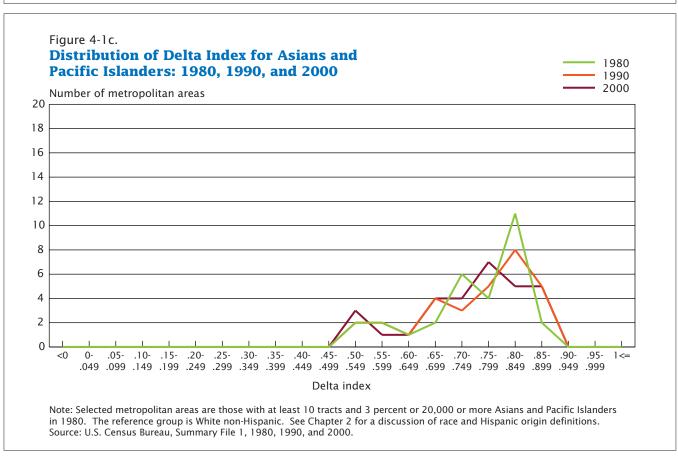
Descriptive Statistics for Residential Segregation Indexes for Asians and Pacific Islanders: 1980, 1990, and 2000

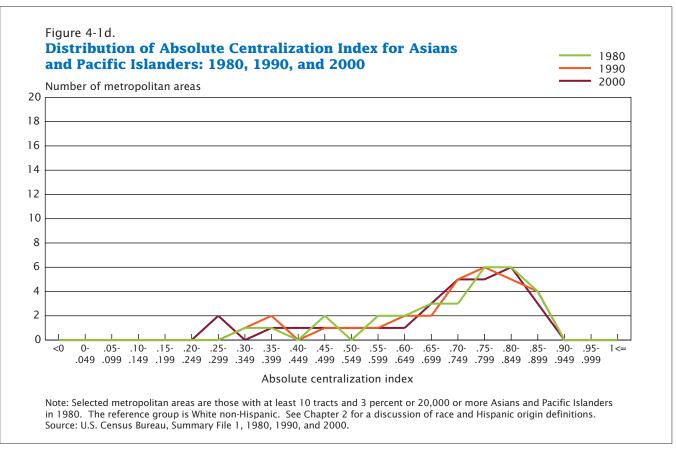
	All metropolitan	Selected metropolitan areas										
Index, year, and percent change	areas (weighted average)	Weighted average	Minimum	25th percentile	Median	75th percentile	Maximum					
Dissimilarity Index												
1980	0.405	0.422	0.268	0.390	0.424	0.468	0.511					
1990	0.412	0.424	0.252	0.379	0.443	0.463	0.551					
2000	0.411	0.433	0.256	0.397	0.436	0.477	0.505					
Percent change												
1980-1990	1.5	0.4	-5.9	-2.7	4.6	-1.2	7.9					
1990-2000		2.1	1.5	4.5	-1.7	3.1	-8.3					
1980-2000	1.4	2.5	-4.5	1.7	2.8	1.9	-1.1					
Isolation Index												
1980	0.233	0.292	0.023	0.107	0.234	0.368	0.742					
1990	0.264	0.330	0.054	0.157	0.328	0.405	0.750					
2000	0.306	0.395	0.097	0.208	0.435	0.502	0.832					
Percent change												
1980-1990	13.4	13.0	132.0	46.9	40.2	9.9	1.2					
1990-2000	I I	19.9	81.7	33.0	32.7	24.1	10.9					
1980-2000	31.5	35.5	321.5	95.4	86.0	36.4	12.2					
Delta Index												
Delta Index 1980.	0.741	0.733	0.531	0.687	0.752	0.808	0.875					
1990	0.741	0.742	0.525	0.691	0.752	0.807	0.886					
2000	0.743	0.735	0.529	0.687	0.740	0.788	0.890					
Percent change 1980-1990	1.5	1.3	-1.1	0.5	0.7	-0.2	1.3					
1990-2000	-1.3	-1.0	0.7	-0.4	-2.2	-0.2 -2.4	0.5					
1980-2000	0.3	0.3	-0.5	0.1	-2.2 -1.6	-2.4 -2.5	1.8					
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.0	2.0	1.0					
Absolute Centralization Index	0.704	0.700	0.000	0.554	0.700	0.700	0.000					
1980	0.701	0.700	0.336	0.554	0.766	0.799	0.883					
1990	0.700 0.683	0.693 0.672	0.314 0.291	0.645 0.653	0.742 0.736	0.781 0.774	0.896 0.880					
2000	0.003	0.072	0.291	0.055	0.730	0.774	0.000					
Percent change												
1980-1990		-1.1	6.6	16.4	-3.1	-2.3	1.5					
1990-2000	-2.4	-2.9	-7.2	1.2	-0.8	-0.9	-1.9					
1980-2000	-2.5	-4.0	13.3	17.8	-3.9	-3.1	-0.4					
Spatial Proximity Index												
1980	1.057	1.071	1.005	1.041	1.063	1.123	1.130					
1990	1.083	1.104	1.013	1.073	1.093	1.137	1.190					
2000	1.096	1.124	1.024	1.072	1.113	1.154	1.222					
Percent change												
1980-1990	2.4	3.1	0.7	3.1	2.8	1.3	5.3					
1990-2000	1.2	1.8	1.1	-0.1	1.9	1.4	2.7					
1980-2000	3.7	4.9	1.9	3.1	4.7	2.8	8.1					

Note: Selected Metropolitan Areas (30 of 330) are those with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980. Higher values indicate more segregation; the reference group is White non-Hispanic. Segregation estimates are weighted by the size of the Asian and Pacific Islander population.









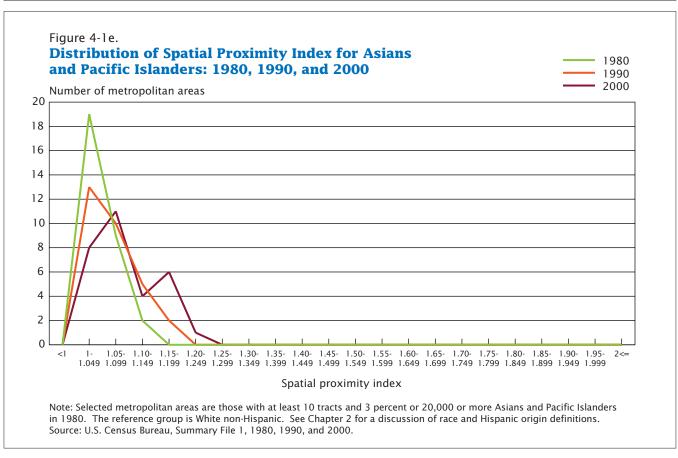
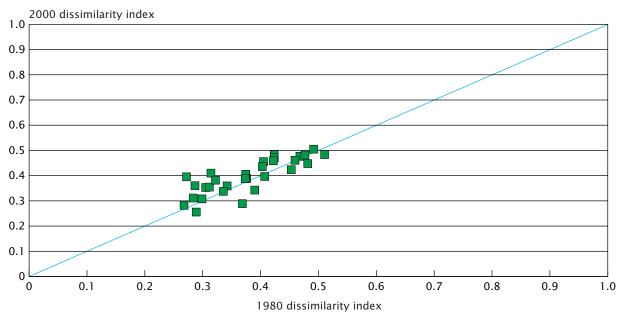


Figure 4-2a.

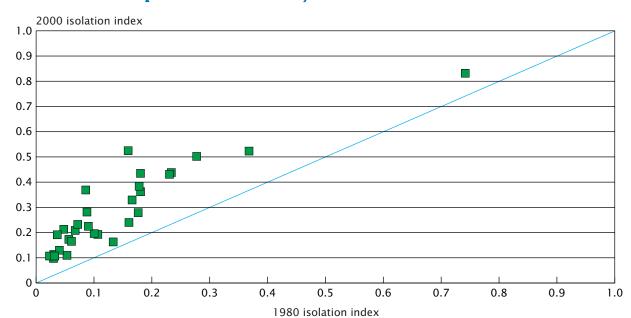
Dissimilarity Index for Asians and Pacific Islanders for Selected Metropolitan Areas: 2000 by 1980



Note: Selected metropolitan areas are those with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980. The reference group is White non-Hispanic. See Chapter 2 for a discussion of race and Hispanic origin definitions. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Summary File 1, 1980, 1990, and 2000.

Figure 4-2b.

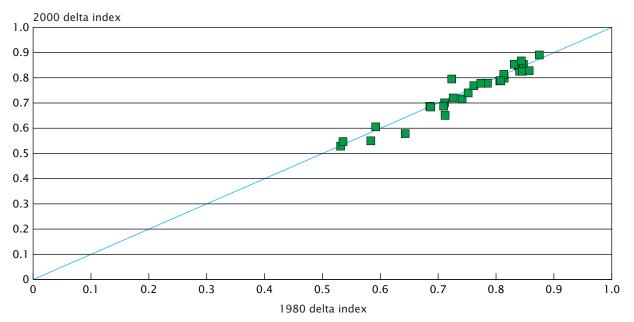
Isolation Index for Asians and Pacific Islanders for Selected Metropolitan Areas: 2000 by 1980



Note: Selected metropolitan areas are those with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980. The reference group is White non-Hispanic. See Chapter 2 for a discussion of race and Hispanic origin definitions. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Summary File 1, 1980, 1990, and 2000.

Figure 4-2c.

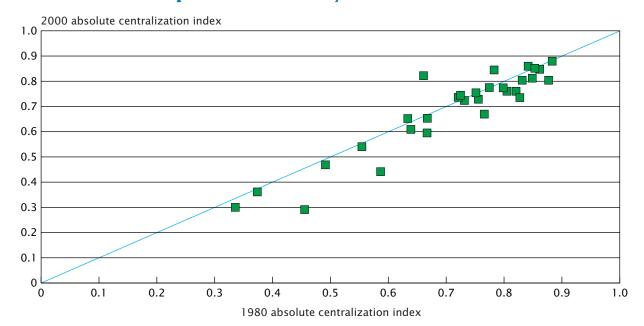
Delta Index for Asians and Pacific Islanders for Selected Metropolitan Areas: 2000 by 1980



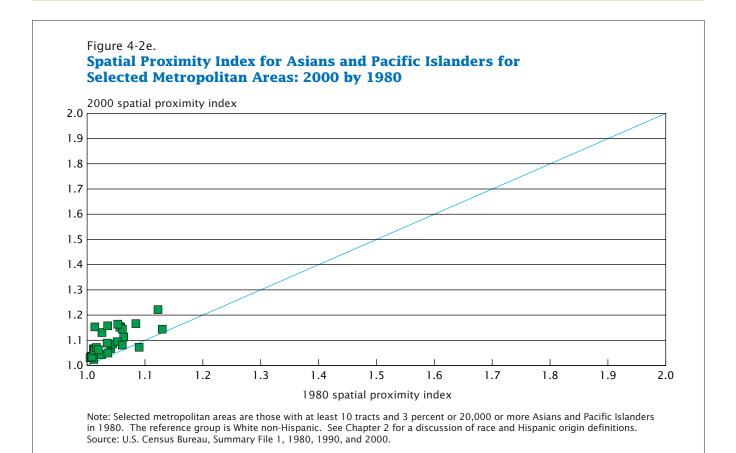
Note: Selected metropolitan areas are those with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980. The reference group is White non-Hispanic. See Chapter 2 for a discussion of race and Hispanic origin definitions. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Summary File 1, 1980, 1990, and 2000.

Figure 4-2d.

Absolute Centralization Index for Asians and Pacific Islanders for Selected Metropolitan Areas: 2000 by 1980



Note: Selected metropolitan areas are those with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980. The reference group is White non-Hispanic. See Chapter 2 for a discussion of race and Hispanic origin definitions. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Summary File 1, 1980, 1990, and 2000.



Areas with the smallest proportion (under 1.8 percent) of Asians and Pacific Islanders had, by far, the lowest level of isolation and the lowest level of spatial proximity. Both the isolation and spatial proximity indexes increased monotonically with the percentage of Asians and Pacific Islanders. The other

indexes did not seem to display a pattern with respect to the percentage of Asians and Pacific Islanders.

In terms of patterns by the rate of growth of the Asian and Pacific Islander population, metropolitan areas with the greatest growth between 1980 and 2000 experienced particularly large increases in isolation, and some increases in dissimilarity and spatial proximity. Those with the lowest rate of growth (under 256.8 percent increase — still a large rate) experienced more modest changes in segregation over the two decades.

Table 4-2.
Residential Segregation Indexes for Asians and Pacific Islanders by Characteristics of Selected Metropolitan Areas: 1980, 1990, and 2000

(Weighted averages)

Characteristic	Num- ber of metro-	Dissi	milarity	index	Isolation index			Delta index			Absolute centralization index			Spatial proximity index		
	politan areas	1980	1990	2000	1980	1990	2000	1980	1990	2000	1980	1990	2000	1980	1990	2000
Selected metropolitan areas	30	0.422	0.424	0.433	0.292	0.330	0.395	0.733	0.742	0.735	0.700	0.693	0.672	1.071	1.104	1.124
Northeast	2	0.444	_	0.431	0.092	0.132	0.175	0.729	0.753	0.719	0.736	0.755	0.725	1.037	1.071	1.089
South	3 19	0.363 0.419		0.418 0.426	0.069	ı	0.221		1	l	0.810 0.680	l	0.776	1.018 1.086	1.048 1.124	1.088 1.146
Population Size  1 Million or more  500,000-999,999 Under 500,000	_	0.427 0.412 0.375	0.393	0.437 0.408 0.398	0.194 0.675 0.153	0.641	0.362 0.689 0.307	0.619	0.659	0.668	0.516	0.716 0.527 0.752	0.688 0.534 0.724	1.085	1.106 1.091 1.103	1.129 1.088 1.114
Percent Asian/Pacific Islander (Quartiles) Under 1.8 percent 1.8-3.1 percent 3.1-5.7 percent Over 5.7 percent	8 7 8 7	0.433 0.386	0.398 0.430 0.412 0.432	0.438 0.412	0.151 0.147	0.222 0.250	0.175 0.303 0.332 0.556	0.765 0.768	0.768 0.754	0.758 0.739	0.772 0.737	0.761	0.710 0.750 0.666 0.613	1.045 1.045	1.041 1.068 1.091 1.143	1.067 1.090 1.133 1.163
Percent Change (1980-2000) Asian/ Pacific Islander (Quartiles)																
Under 256.8 percent . 256.8-293.6 percent . 293.6-356.5 percent . Over 356.5 percent	8 7	0.448 0.454 0.382 0.334	0.405	0.447 0.470 0.403 0.402	0.434 0.179 0.137 0.097	0.270 0.226	0.523 0.353 0.301 0.317	0.782 0.780	0.778 0.777	0.773	0.766 0.699	0.684 0.753 0.673 0.669	1	1.052 1.042	1.081	1.151 1.104 1.110 1.113

Note: Includes 30 Metropolitan Areas with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980. Higher values indicate more segregation; the reference group is White non-Hispanic. Characteristics of metropolitan areas as of 1980. Segregation estimates are weighted by the size of the Asian and Pacific Islander population.

Table 4-3.

Distribution of Percent Change in Residential Segregation Indexes for Asians and Pacific Islanders: 1980-2000

Time period change	Dissimila	rity index	Isolatio	n index	Delta	index	Abso centraliza	olute tion index	Spatial proximity index		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
1980-1990											
Increase of 5 percent or more	14	47	28	93	2	7	3	10	6	20	
Increase of 1-4.99 percent	4	13	1	3	7	23	7	23	16	53	
Change of less than 1 percent .	2	7	0	0	12	40	5	17	8	27	
Decrease of 1-4.99 percent	5	17	0	0	8	27	10	33	0	0	
Decrease of 5 percent or more .	5	17	1	3	1	3	5	17	0	0	
1990-2000											
Increase of 5 percent or more	9	30	29	97	0	0	1	3	2	7	
Increase of 1-4.99 percent	10	33	1	3	1	3	0	0	20	67	
Change of less than 1 percent .	1	3	0	0	12	40	8	27	7	23	
Decrease of 1-4.99 percent		17	0	0	16	53	15	50	1	3	
Decrease of 5 percent or more.	5	17	0	0	1	3	6	20	0	0	
1980-2000											
Increase of 5 percent or more	14	47	30	100	1	3	2	7	13	43	
Increase of 1-4.99 percent	7	23	0	0	7	23	4	13	16	53	
Change of less than 1 percent .	2	7	0	0	9	30	4	13	0	0	
Decrease of 1-4.99 percent	1	3	0	0	10	33	11	37	1	3	
Decrease of 5 percent or more .	6	20	0	0	3	10	9	30	0	0	

Note: Includes 30 Metropolitan Areas with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 1980, 1990, and 2000 Summary File 1.

Three of the five indexes — dissimilarity, isolation, and spatial proximity — stand out as being most likely to show increases (Table 4-3). In fact, all 30 metropolitan areas had an increase in isolation of more than 5 percent between 1980 and 2000; the delta and absolute centralization indexes showed more decreases than increases.

Table 4-4 shows the index levels for the 20 largest metropolitan areas in the country that also have at least 3 percent or 20,000 or

more Asians and Pacific Islanders. The five areas with the highest level of dissimilarity (the most commonly used index) were, in order, New York, San Francisco and Houston (tied), Los Angeles-Long Beach, and San Diego. Using all five indexes, the most segregated large areas include four of the same five metro areas, with San Francisco at number one and San Jose moving into the top five and Houston at number six, basically tied with San Jose and Los Angeles. Figure 4-3 shows the settlement pattern of Asians and

Pacific Islanders in 2000 in San Francisco.

The least segregated large areas were, again in order using the dissimilarity index, Portland-Vancouver, Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Nassau-Suffolk, Newark, and Bergen-Passaic. Using all the indexes, the five least segregated large areas were Nassau-Suffolk, Baltimore, Newark, Bergen-Passaic, and Detroit. Figure 4-4 shows the settlement pattern of Asians and Pacific Islanders in 2000 in Nassau-Suffolk.

Table 4-4. **Residential Segregation for Asians and Pacific Islanders in Large Metropolitan Areas: 1980, 1990, and 2000** 

MSA/PMSA Name	Dissimilarity index				Isolation index				Delta index				Absolute centralization index				Spatial proximity index				Aver-	Rank of aver-
WSA/FWSA Name	1980	1990	2000	2000 rank	1980	1990	2000	2000 rank	1980	1990	2000	2000 rank	1980	1990	2000	2000 rank	1980	1990	2000	2000 rank	age 2000 rank	aged 2000 ranks
Baltimore, MD PMSA	0.376 0.342 0.482 0.453 0.405	0.382 0.344 0.439 0.443 0.428	0.389 0.359 0.448 0.424 0.456	13 16 7 9 6	0.030 0.048 0.133 0.107 0.030	0.054 0.121 0.110 0.149 0.056	0.097 0.213 0.163 0.193 0.113	20 10 15 12 17	0.686 0.531 0.711 0.726 0.741	0.691 0.525 0.710 0.757 0.734	0.687 0.529 0.700 0.720 0.716	15 20 13 11 12	0.634 0.374 0.805 0.732 0.756	0.670 0.363 0.781 0.759 0.737	0.652 0.361 0.760 0.724 0.729	16 18 8 13 12	1.007 1.012 1.041 1.044 1.008	1.018 1.031 1.062 1.084 1.015	1.032 1.067 1.067 1.085 1.037	20 13 12 9 17	16.8 15.4 11.0 10.8 12.8	19 17 11 10 16
Houston, TX PMSA. Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA PMSA New York, NY PMSA Newark, NJ PMSA	0.424 0.468 0.305 0.492 0.312	0.459 0.463 0.324 0.484 0.313	0.484 0.477 0.353 0.505 0.355	3 4 18 1 17	0.088 0.277 0.023 0.234 0.040	0.157 0.405 0.059 0.328 0.075	0.281 0.502 0.107 0.438 0.130	8 19 4 16	0.814 0.752 0.536 0.785 0.687	0.817 0.740 0.540 0.778 0.685	0.799 0.740 0.547 0.779 0.684	6 10 19 8 16	0.821 0.766 0.336 0.799 0.667	0.790 0.713 0.314 0.773 0.656	0.760 0.670 0.300 0.774 0.653	9 14 19 7 15	1.026 1.123 1.005 1.063 1.007	1.073 1.190 1.016 1.085 1.016	1.131 1.222 1.032 1.113 1.037	7 1 19 8 16	6.6 6.4 18.8 5.6 16.0	6 4 20 3 18
Oakland, CA PMSA Orange County, CA PMSA Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA PMSA Riverside-San Bernardino, CA PMSA.	0.374 0.272 0.403 0.284 0.287	0.390 0.330 0.433 0.308	0.405 0.395 0.436 0.311 0.360	11 12 8 20	0.180 0.086 0.057 0.032	0.318 0.224 0.109 0.059 0.102	0.435 0.369 0.173 0.107	5 6 14 18 13	0.712 0.584 0.709 0.838 0.875	0.686 0.561 0.699 0.858 0.886	0.651 0.550 0.687 0.848 0.890	17 18 14 2	0.455 0.587 0.721 0.883 0.842	0.379 0.505 0.739 0.896 0.880	0.291 0.442 0.736 0.880 0.860	20 17 11 1	1.058 1.013 1.011 1.009	1.116 1.064 1.035 1.018	1.154 1.153 1.063 1.034 1.060	3 4 14 18	11.2 11.4 12.2 11.8	12 13 15 14
San Diego, CA MSA	0.460 0.511 0.314 0.390 0.322	0.481 0.501 0.385 0.364	0.461 0.484 0.410 0.343	5 2 10 19	0.181 0.368 0.159 0.160 0.068	0.291 0.460 0.366 0.198 0.125	0.362 0.523 0.525 0.240 0.208	7 2 1 9	0.841 0.845 0.762 0.857 0.808	0.831 0.839 0.775 0.849	0.826 0.826 0.769 0.828 0.788	4 5 9	0.775 0.862 0.751 0.877	0.781 0.860 0.760 0.842 0.833	0.775 0.847 0.754 0.804 0.812	6 3 10 5	1.061 1.130 1.035 1.061	1.118 1.137 1.119 1.075 1.039	1.145 1.144 1.157 1.081	5 6 2 10	5.4 3.6 6.4 9.2 9.4	2 1 4 7

Note: Includes 20 Metropolitan Areas with 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders and 1,000,000 or more total population in 1980. Higher values indicate more segregation; the reference group is White non-Hispanic.

Figure 4-3.
The Most Segregated Large Metropolitan Area for Asians and Pacific Islanders in 2000: San Francisco, CA PMSA

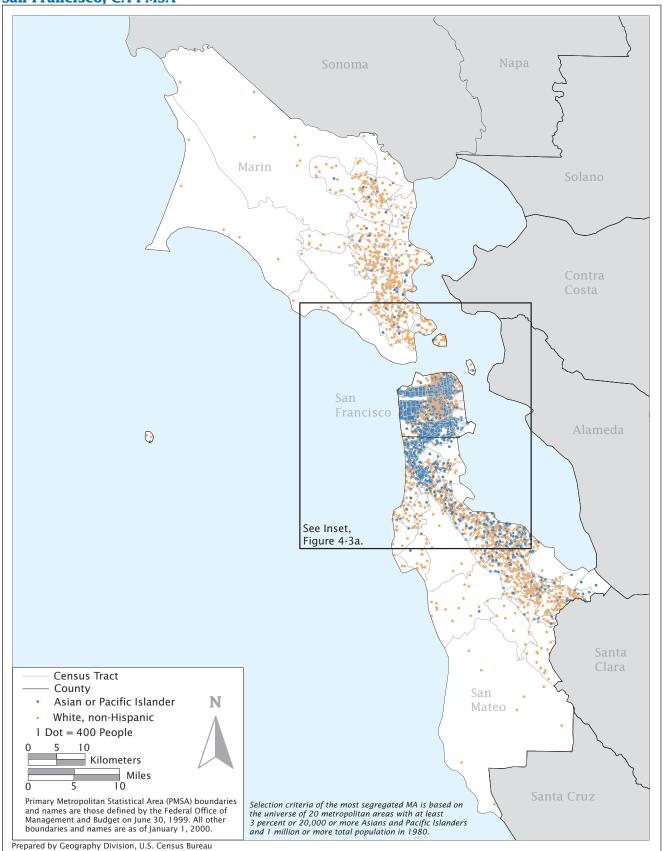
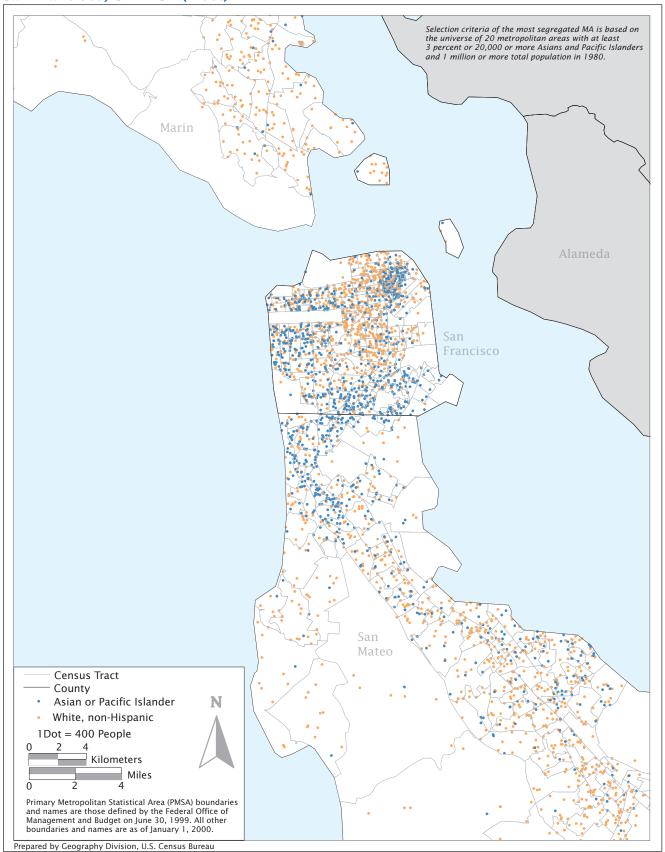


Figure 4-3a.

The Most Segregated Large Metropolitan Area for Asians and Pacific Islanders in 2000: San Francisco, CA PMSA (inset)



U.S. Census Bureau

Prepared by Geography Division, New London New Haven Suffolk Census Tract County State · Asian and Pacific Islander White, non-Hispanic 1 Dot = 200 People Nassau Kilometers Miles 10 Selection criteria of the least segregated MA is based on the universe of 20 metropolitan areas with at least 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders and 1 million or more total population in 1980. Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (PMSA) boundaries and names are those defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget on June 30, 1999. All other boundaries and names are as of January 1, 2000.

Figure 4-4.

The Least Segregated Large Metropolitan Area for Asians and Pacific Islanders in 2000: Nassau-Suffolk, NY PMSA

Table 4-5.

Percent Change in Residential Segregation Indexes for Asians and Pacific Islanders in Large Metropolitan Areas: 1980-2000

	ı	Dissimilari	ty index			Isolation	index			Delta ir	ndex	Absolu	ute centra	lization in	dex	Sp	(	Rank of			
MSA/PMSA name	1980- 1990	1990- 2000	1980-2	2000	1980- 1990	1990- 2000	1980-2	2000	1980- 1990	1990- 2000	1980-2	2000	1980- 1990	1990- 2000	1980-2	2000	1980- 1990	1990- 2000	1980-2	2000	change ranks
	percent	percent	Percent change	Rank	percent	percent	Percent change	Rank	percent	percent change	Percent change	Rank	percent	percent	Percent change	Rank	percent	percent	Percent change	Rank	aver- aged
Baltimore, MD PMSA Bergen-Passaic, NJ	1.6	1.8	3.4	13	78.2	81.7	223.8	8	0.7	-0.5	0.2	5	5.8	-2.7	2.9	1	1.1	1.4	2.5	18	8
PMSA	0.4 -8.8 -2.2 5.7	4.6 1.9 -4.4 6.4	5.0 -7.0 -6.4 12.5	12 19 18 8	153.5 -17.1 39.4 82.6	75.9 47.6 29.6 103.5	345.7 22.3 80.6 271.6	3 20 17 5	-1.1 -0.1 4.3 -1.0	0.7 -1.4 -4.9 -2.4	-0.5 -1.5 -0.8 -3.4	7 10 8 18	-2.9 -3.0 3.7 -2.4	-0.5 -2.6 -4.6 -1.1	-3.4 -5.5 -1.1 -3.6	11 14 7 12	1.9 2.0 3.8 0.8	3.4 0.5 0.1 2.1	5.5 2.6 4.0 2.9	7 16 12 14	3 19 15 13
Houston, TX PMSA Los Angeles-Long Beach,	8.3	5.4	14.2	6	78.2	79.7	220.2	10	0.3	-2.2	-1.9	13	-3.7	-3.8	-7.4	15	4.6	5.4	10.3	3	9
CA PMSA	-1.2	3.1	1.9	15	45.8	24.1	81.0	16	-1.6	0.0	-1.6	11	-6.9	-6.1	-12.6	18	6.0	2.7	8.8	5	16
PMSA	6.0 -1.6 0.6	9.1 4.4 13.2	15.7 2.7 13.8	5 14 7	156.2 40.2 85.4	80.8 33.7 74.3	363.2 87.4 223.0	2 15 9	0.8 -1.0 -0.3	1.4 0.1 –0.2	2.2 -0.9 -0.4	1 9 6	-6.6 -3.2 -1.7	-4.3 0.1 -0.4	-10.6 -3.1 -2.2	17 10 9	1.1 2.0 0.9	1.6 2.6 2.0	2.7 4.7 2.9	15 10 13	3 14 6
Oakland, CA PMSA	4.3	3.9	8.3	10	76.3	36.7	140.9	13	-3.6	-5.2	-8.6	20	-16.9	-23.1	-36.1	20	5.5	3.4	9.1	4	17
Orange County, CA PMSA	21.4	19.7	45.3	1	161.6	64.4	330.1	4	-3.9	-2.0	-5.8	19	-13.9	-12.6	-24.7	19	5.0	8.4	13.8	1	6
Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA Portland-Vancouver.	7.4	0.6	8.0	11	93.2	58.2	205.7	12	-1.4	-1.7	-3.1	16	2.5	-0.4	2.1	3	2.4	2.7	5.1	9	10
OR-WA PMSA	8.6	1.1	9.8	9	81.8	83.0	232.7	6	2.4	-1.2	1.2	3	1.5	-1.9	-0.4	6	0.9	1.6	2.5	17	5
dino, CA PMSA	14.3	10.0	25.7	3	179.5	87.0	422.6	1	1.3	0.5	1.8	2	4.5	-2.3	2.2	2	2.6	2.1	4.7	11	1
San Diego, CA MSA San Francisco. CA	4.7	-4.2	0.3	16	61.0	24.6	100.6	14	-1.2	-0.6	-1.8	12	0.8	-0.7	0.1	5	5.3	2.4	7.9	6	12
PMSA	-1.9 22.5	-3.4 6.5	-5.3 30.5	17 2	24.9 130.0	13.8 43.5	42.2 230.0	19 7	-0.8 1.8	−1.5 −0.9	-2.3 0.9	14 4	-0.2 1.1	-1.5 -0.8	-1.6 0.4	8 4	0.7 8.1	0.6 3.4	1.3 11.8	20 2	18 1
WA PMSA	-6.7	-5.8	-12.1	20	23.2	21.3	49.5	18	-1.0	-2.4	-3.4	17	-4.0	-4.5	-8.3	16	1.4	0.5	1.9	19	20
WV PMSA	10.3	7.5	18.6	4	85.0	66.8	208.6	11	-0.2	-2.4	-2.5	15	-1.9	-2.5	-4.3	13	2.3	3.1	5.5	8	10

Note: Includes 20 Metropolitan Areas with 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders and 1,000,000 or more total population in 1980. Higher values indicate more segregation; the reference group is White non-Hispanic.

The large areas with the greatest increase in segregation over the 1980-2000 period include two of the five areas with low overall segregation — the five with the greatest increases were Riverside-San Bernardino, San Jose, Nassau-Suffolk, Bergen-Passaic, and Portland-Vancouver. The five with the smallest increases (or largest decreases) were Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Boston, San Francisco, Oakland, and Los Angeles-Long Beach (Table 4-5).

Table 4-6 shows segregation statistics separately for Asians and Pacific Islanders in 2000 for all and selected metropolitan areas. Because of the small number of Pacific Islanders, in particular, the selection criteria continue to refer to metropolitan areas with at least 20,000 or 3 percent Asian and Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islanders combined in 1980. As a baseline, the index value for all Asians and Pacific Islanders in 2000 already discussed is presented first, followed by the index

value for Asians and then Pacific Islanders.

The dissimilarity index shows only a little difference between the residential segregation levels for the two groups, though Pacific Islanders are more segregated than Asians (using the significance criteria explained in footnote 2). The other indexes suggest, however, that Pacific Islanders are slightly less residentially segregated than Asians.

Table 4-6.

Descriptive Statistics for Residential Segregation Indexes for Asians and Pacific Islanders, Asians, and Native Hawaiians and Other Pacific Islanders: 2000

	All metropolitan			Selected metr	opolitan areas	3	
Index and race	areas (weighted average)	Weighted average	Minimum	25th percentile	Median	75th percentile	Maximum
Dissimilarity							
Asians and Pacific Islanders		0.433	0.256	0.397	0.436	0.477	0.505
Asians	0.416	0.437	0.261	0.402	0.437	0.479	0.505
Islanders	0.427	0.443	0.254	0.392	0.441	0.448	0.649
Isolation							
Asians and Pacific Islanders		0.395	0.097	0.208	0.435	0.502	0.832
Asians	0.300	0.386	0.096	0.207	0.428	0.499	0.810
Islanders	0.204	0.290	0.009	0.047	0.112	0.652	0.652
Delta							
Asians and Pacific Islanders	0.743	0.735	0.529	0.687	0.740	0.788	0.890
Asians	0.747	0.739	0.529	0.689	0.743	0.790	0.894
Islanders	0.712	0.687	0.557	0.566	0.732	0.792	0.865
Absolute Centralization							
Asians and Pacific Islanders	0.683	0.672	0.291	0.653	0.736	0.774	0.880
Asians	0.687	0.678	0.289	0.655	0.736	0.774	0.882
Islanders	0.582	0.533	0.281	0.324	0.596	0.718	0.846
Spatial Proximity							
Asians and Pacific Islanders	1.096	1.124	1.024	1.072	1.113	1.154	1.222
Asians	1.098	1.127	1.023	1.080	1.115	1.154	1.225
Islanders	1.050	1.071	1.001	1.008	1.021	1.169	1.169

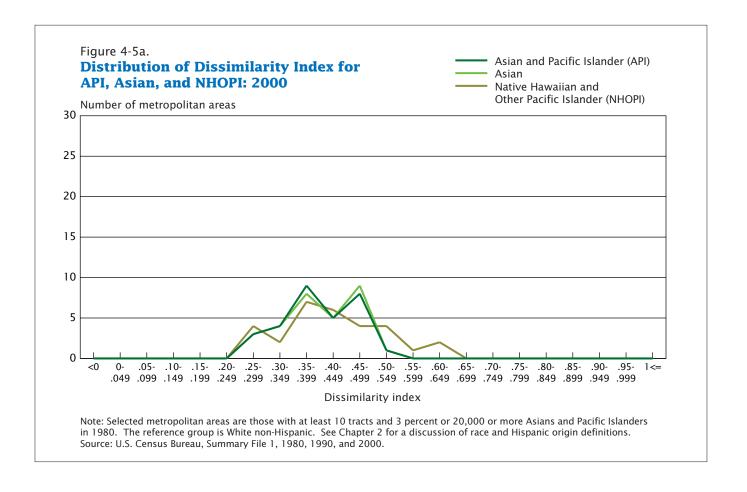
Note: Selected Metropolitan Areas (30 of 330) are those with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980. Higher values indicate more segregation; the reference group is White non-Hispanic.

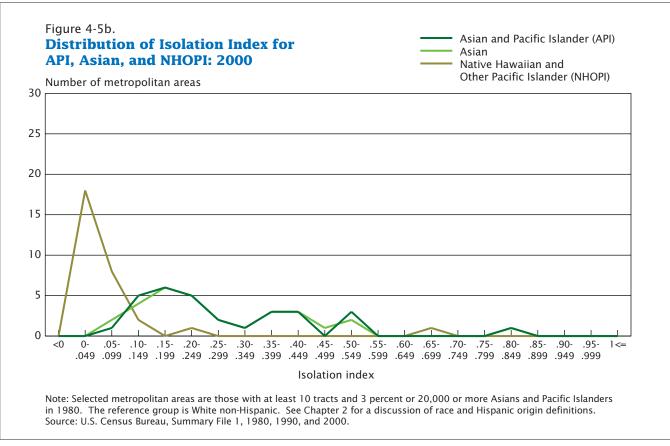
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Summary File 1.

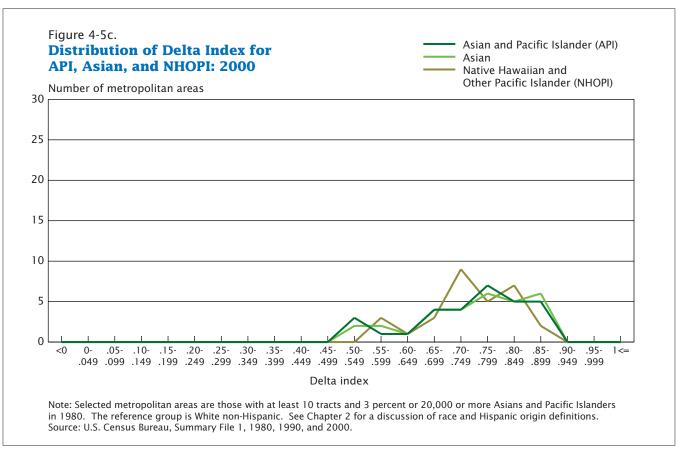
An examination of the histograms for 2000 (Figure 4-5(a-e)), shows a higher level of residential segregation for Pacific Islanders than for Asians when the dissimilarity index is considered, but a lower level for the other four indexes. This was also very apparent when the scatter diagrams were examined. The dissimilarity index scores were arrayed along the diagonal in Figure 4-6a,

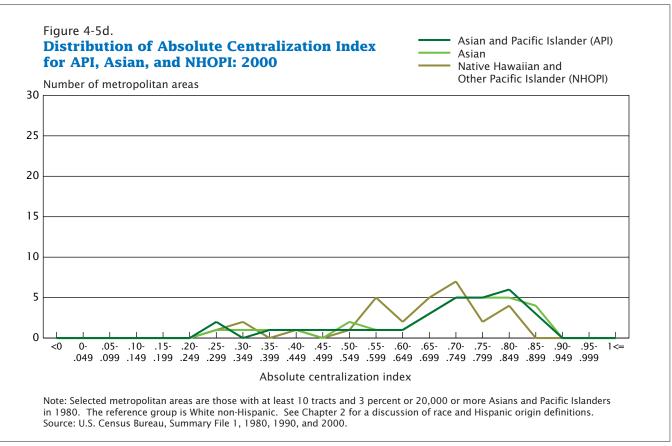
but slightly below the diagonal for the delta index (Figure 4-6c), and well below the diagonal for the other three indexes.

In sum, there seems to have been an increase in the residential segregation of Asians and Pacific Islanders over the 1980-2000 period according to three of the five measures, no change in a fourth measure, and a small decline in the fifth. Increases are most notable in the isolation and spatial proximity indexes. The more Asians and Pacific Islanders in an area as a percentage of the population, the more they are isolated, and the more they tend to live with one another. Asians as a group were more segregated in 2000 than were Pacific Islanders.









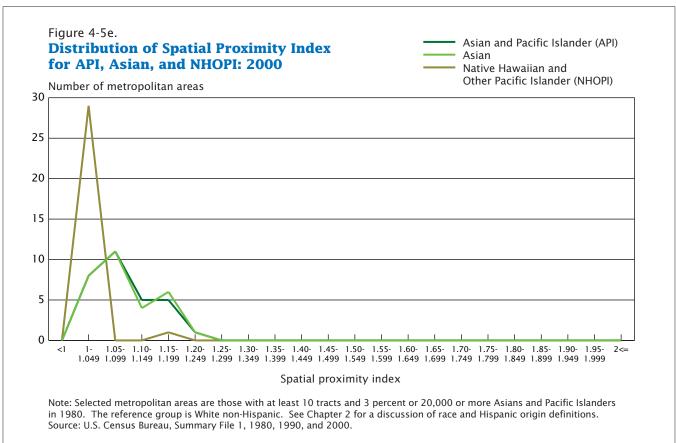
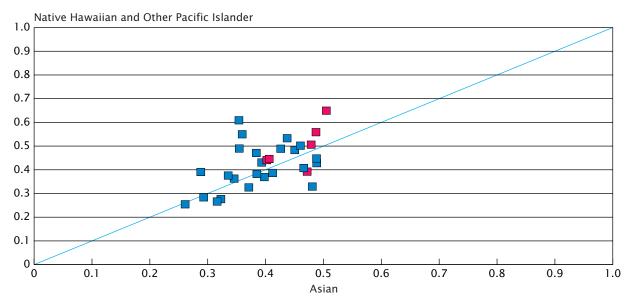


Figure 4-6a.

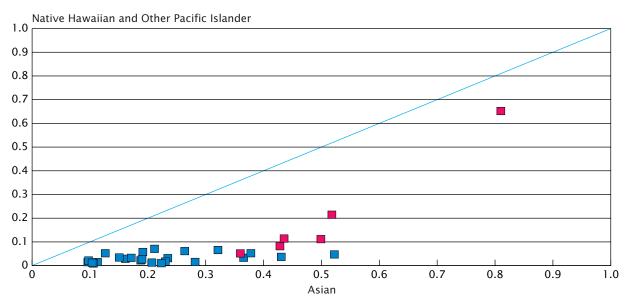
2000 Dissimilarity Index for Selected Metropolitan Areas:
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander by Asian



Note: Selected metropolitan areas are those with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980. The reference group is White non-Hispanic. Red dots represent those MSAs where both Asians and NHOPI met the selection criteria in 2000. Blue dots represent those MSAs where only Asians and not NHOPI met the selection criteria in 2000. See Chapter 2 for a discussion of race and Hispanic origin definitions.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Summary File 1, 1980, 1990, and 2000.

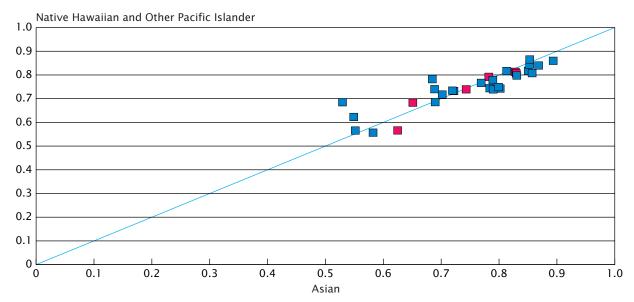
Figure 4-6b. **2000 Isolation Index for Selected Metropolitan Areas: Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander by Asian** 



Note: Selected metropolitan areas are those with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980. The reference group is White non-Hispanic. Red dots represent those MSAs where both Asians and NHOPI met the selection criteria in 2000. Blue dots represent those MSAs where only Asians and not NHOPI met the selection criteria in 2000. See Chapter 2 for a discussion of race and Hispanic origin definitions.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Summary File 1, 1980, 1990, and 2000.

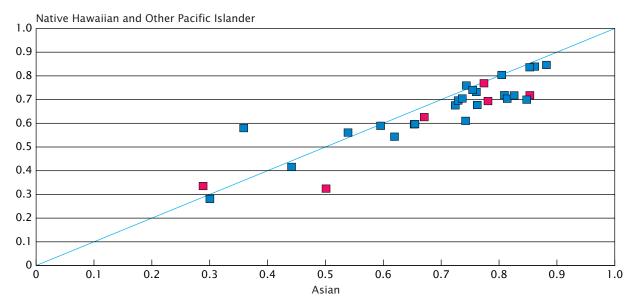
Figure 4-6c. 2000 Delta Index for Selected Metropolitan Areas: Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander by Asian



Note: Selected metropolitan areas are those with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980. The reference group is White non-Hispanic. Red dots represent those MSAs where both Asians and NHOPI met the selection criteria in 2000. Blue dots represent those MSAs where only Asians and not NHOPI met the selection criteria in 2000. See Chapter 2 for a discussion of race and Hispanic origin definitions.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Summary File 1, 1980, 1990, and 2000.

Figure 4-6d. 2000 Absolute Centralization Index for Selected Metropolitan Areas: Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander by Asian

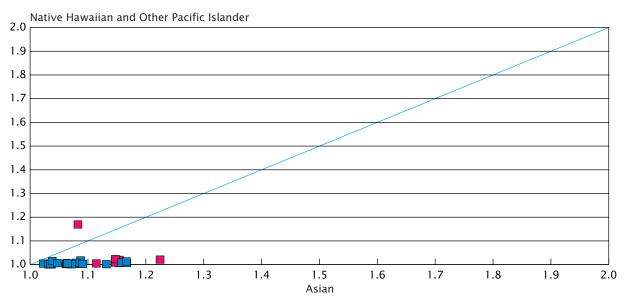


Note: Selected metropolitan areas are those with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980. The reference group is White non-Hispanic. Red dots represent those MSAs where both Asians and NHOPI met the selection criteria in 2000. Blue dots represent those MSAs where only Asians and not NHOPI met the selection criteria in 2000. See Chapter 2 for a discussion of race and Hispanic origin definitions.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Summary File 1, 1980, 1990, and 2000.

Figure 4-6e.

2000 Spatial Proximity Index for Selected Metropolitan Areas:
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander by Asian



Note: Selected metropolitan areas are those with at least 10 tracts and 3 percent or 20,000 or more Asians and Pacific Islanders in 1980. The reference group is White non-Hispanic. Red dots represent those MSAs where both Asians and NHOPI met the selection criteria in 2000. Blue dots represent those MSAs where only Asians and not NHOPI met the selection criteria in 2000. See Chapter 2 for a discussion of race and Hispanic origin definitions.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Summary File 1, 1980, 1990, and 2000.